

Problem Set 7

Each problem is worth 2 points. The set is due on Wednesday 10 June by 23:59.

1. Consider the following family of dynamical systems

$$f_a(x) = ax + x^3.$$

Discuss the bifurcation that occurs at $a = 1$, and sketch the corresponding diagram near $a = 1$.

2. As discussed in Example 4.12, let

$$f_a(x) = x - x(x^2 - a)(x^2 - 4a).$$

Show that for $a = 0$, the fixed point $x = 0$ is attracting and stable.

3. As discussed in Example 4.11, let

$$f_a(x) = x - (x^2 - a)(x^2 - 4a).$$

- (a) Show that for $a = 0$, the fixed point $x = 0$ is neither attracting nor repelling and is hence unstable.
 - (b) For which values of a does another bifurcation happen?
4. Let $A \in \text{Mat}_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$ with a complex eigenvalue $\lambda = \alpha + i\beta$, with $\beta \neq 0$, and corresponding eigenvector $v = x + iy$, where $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^2$.
 - (a) Show $Ax = \alpha x - \beta y$ and $Ay = \alpha y + \beta x$, and prove that $\bar{v} = x - iy$ is an eigenvector of A with eigenvalue $\bar{\lambda}$.
 - (b) Prove that x and y are linearly independent.
 - (c) Let S be the matrix whose columns are the vectors x and y , so that $S = (x, y)$. Show

$$S^{-1}AS = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & -\beta \\ \beta & \alpha \end{pmatrix}.$$